

LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT

1ST APRIL 2022 – 31ST MARCH 2023

Bannau Brycheiniog National Park Authority: Local Development Plan Monitoring

Introduction

The National Park Authority is required by the Welsh Government to produce and submit an Annual Monitoring Report by 31st October each year following the adoption of the Local Development Plan. The report is fundamental in assessing the progress of the Local Development Plan in implementing the policies contained within the Plan and will allow the National Park Authority the opportunity to assess the Policies against the most up-to-date information available. The Annual Report includes the results of the Monitoring also Strategic Environmental Assessment/Sustainability Appraisal as well as the National Park Management Plan monitoring (Appendix 2 and 3).

The monitoring exercise can assist the National Park Authority to: -

- Identify where certain policies are not being successful in delivering their intended objectives;
- Identify gaps in the evidence base, perhaps through a change legislation or national policy, which need to be addressed and reflected in the Local Development Plan;
- Identify areas of success which could be used as an example for change throughout the Local Development Plan;
- State the intended actions that the National Park Authority will take in rectifying any issues to ensure the successful implementation of the policy or any revision that needs to take place.

The National Park Authority has constructed a set of targets and indicators which act as a benchmark against which performance can be measured. Targets may relate to the achievement of certain levels of development and may be set annually or at an interim point within the Plan period. The target for the whole of the Plan is to achieve the implementation of the Local Development Plan Strategy.

The indicators and targets set out in the Monitoring Framework of the Local Development Plan also give trigger points to indicate if one part of the Plan is not achieving the desired outcomes. If these triggers are 'activated' then the Annual Monitoring Report will consider the necessary action which is required as a result. There are several outcomes which could be actioned by the National Park Authority in this event; these will depend on both the level to which the target appears not to have been met and the criticalness of the development to the achievement of the Local Development Plan Strategy. Contextual indicators will also be used in the Annual Monitoring Report to evaluate if it is the Plan which is not achieving the targets or if there are external factors (such as the economy or changes in funding sources etc.) which are contributing in this respect and therefore outside of the planning system's control.

The following options are available to the National Park Authority in association with each of the indicators and their triggers. The Annual Monitoring Report will assess the severity of the situation associated with each indicator and recommend an appropriate response:

- Continue Monitoring
- Officer/Member Training Required
- Supplementary Planning Guidance/Development Briefs Required
- Policy Research
- Policy Review
- Plan/Strategy Review

As part of the Annual Monitoring Report process, the National Park Authority will also include an update on the development of allocated sites. This will highlight what activity has taken place on the site in any given year including the preparation of studies or the progression of development. If a site is not being progressed as anticipated, this will be interpreted as a trigger and appropriate action (see above) will be taken by the National Park Authority if needed.

The requirements of several the strategic and policy indicators were completed during the first monitoring phase of the Local Development Plan, namely the occupation of the allocated Gypsy and Traveller site and the development of numerous Supplementary Planning Guidance notes. During the second phase it was recommended that monitoring ceased in relation to the number of applications for larger developments that fail to provide 20% of their energy from low or zero carbon resources due to this issue being a matter for Part L of the Building Regulations.

Notwithstanding this, many of the strategic and policy indicators, as required by the Local Development Plan Monitoring Framework, will continue to be monitored as detailed in the tables marked green and yellow below. Of these, there is a small number that require some additional work in the form of policy research as well as Officer/Member training and Supplementary Planning Guidance.

On 26 March 2020, the Minister for Housing and Local Government wrote¹ to the National Park Authority advising the Welsh Government's five-year housing land supply policy was to be replaced and that the housing trajectory, as set out in the adopted LDP (Local Development Plan), would be the basis for monitoring the delivery of development plan housing requirements as part of LDP Annual Monitoring Reports (AMRs).

The Development Plans Manual (Edition 3) provides additional guidance on the process of monitoring. A graph and table of completions against the Annual Average Requirement is now included in Appendix 1.

Other key contextual changes include:

- A change to the 'Development Plan,' with Future Wales: the national plan 2040 having been published in 2021;
- The establishment of Corporate Joint Committees as a new tier of regional government in Wales with responsibility for preparing 'Strategic Development Plans;'
- Natural Resources Wales publishing the State of Natural Resources Report and Area Statements in 2020;
- Publication of the 'State of the Park Report' in 2020;
- New environmental evidence published in Jan 2021; Natural Resources Wales' Compliance Assessment of Welsh River SACs (Special Areas of Conservation) against Phosphorus Targets and associated practice guidance issued by Natural Resources Wales having a significant bearing on the scope for development in much of the National Park (Evidence Report 489); and,
- Confirmation that the Brecon Beacons Local Development Plan 2007 2022 (Adopted 2013) retains 'Development Plan' status beyond the plan period until such time a decision is taken to abandon it².

 $^{^{1}\} https://gov.wales/sites/default/files/publications/2020-03/changes-to-planning-policy-and-guidance-on-the-delivery-of-housing_0.pdf$

² https://gov.wales/local-development-plan-ldp-end-dates-letter-local-authorities-html

- Preparation of LDP2 (Local Development Plan2) having been 'paused', mainly in response to the issues presented by NRW (Natural Resources Wales) Evidence Report 489.
- The adoption of a new Management Plan for the National Park area *Dyfodol Y Bannau (Y Bannau: The future 2023-2028* which defines the agreed strategic priorities for the National Park.
- The consultation on the updated Local Housing Market Assessment for the Powys area of the National Park which identifies the following:

Table 18 - LHMA toolkit outcomes per variant: additional housing need for **Bannau Brycheiniog National Park Planning Authority** inside Powys 2022-2037 **added increase common housing register for social housing**

	affordable	market	total
lower variant	315	24	339
principal variant	352	223	575
higher variant	381	382	763
15-year average migration variant	391	440	831

Sustainability Monitoring

The Strategic Environmental Assessment directive requires that the significant environmental effects of implementing a plan are monitored so that the appropriate remedial actions can be taken if required.

The Sustainability Appraisal of the Local Development Plan identified no significant adverse effects on the objectives, however it identified the following significant positive effects which require monitoring.

- Climate Change Adaptation (SA1) and Greenhouse Gas Reduction (SA2) related to Policies SP4: 'Climate Change' and SP11: 'Sustainable Design';
- Water Resources (SA5) through the policy on Water Quality (Policy 10);
- Biodiversity (SA8) in relation to SP1 National Park Policy and SP3 Environmental Protection, including its supporting policy on Biodiversity and Development (Policy 6);
- Cultural Heritage (SA9) in relation to SP1 (National Park Policy) and SP3 Environmental Protection, including its supporting policy on Areas of Archaeological Evaluation (Policy 22).
- Landscape SA11 in relation to SP1 (National Park Policy) and SP3 Environmental Protection, including its supporting policies Trees and Development (Policy 8) and Light Pollution (Policy 6)
- Natural Resources and Infrastructure (SA12) through policies on Sustainable Design (SP11), Sustainable Infrastructure (SP16), Waste (SP6) and the recycling of minerals (Policy 67)
- Population (SA14) in relation to the Spatial Distribution of Development (SP10), National Park policy (SP1) and policies relating to housing (SP5), affordable housing (SP6), economic wellbeing (SP12) and Sustainable communities (SP15); and
- Economy (SA17) in relation to National Park policy (SP1) and polices relating to economic wellbeing (SP12) and retail (SP13).

The Local Development Plan adopted Monitoring framework set out below addresses some of the monitoring requirements for the SA/SEA. Additional indicators are provided within the SA (Sustainability Appraisal) to ensure that all significant effects in the SA can be monitored. These, where relevant and where data is available at National Park level, are provided at Appendix 2 and through the updated Scoping Report available from the NPA's website.

Strategy Monitoring

Key:

ncy.	
	Action required
	Complete
	Continue Monitoring
	Policy Research / SPG (Supplementary Planning Guidance) / Officer and
	Member Training
	Cease Monitoring

Delivering Housing Figure 1

Figure 1	
Completions	relative to LDP Annual Average Requirement.
Plan Review	Ninth Monitoring Period (1 st April 2022 to 31 st March 2023)
	Monitoring shows completions have not kept pace with the Annual Average
	Requirement of the LDP (See table in appendix 1). Total completions being 69
	against an Annual Average Requirement of 133.
	Eighth Monitoring Period (1 st April 2021 to 31 st March 2022)
	Monitoring shows completions have not kept pace with the Annual Average
	Requirement of the LDP (See table in appendix 1). Total completions being 59
	against an Annual Average Requirement of 133.
	Seventh Monitoring Period (1 st April 2020 to 31 st March 2021)
	Monitoring shows completions have not kept pace with the Annual Average
	Requirement of the LDP (See table in appendix 1). Total completions being 67
	against an Annual Average Requirement of 133.
	Sixth Monitoring Period (1 st April 2019 to 31 st March 2020)
	Monitoring shows completions have not kept pace with the Annual Average
	Requirement of the LDP (See table in appendix 1). Total completions being 30
	against an Annual Average Requirement of 133.
	Fifth Monitoring Period (1 st April 2018 to 31 st March 2019)
	The Authority's Joint Housing Land Availability Study 2019 (Appendix 1)
	confirms a 2.1-year land supply .
	Fourth Monitoring Period (1 st April 2017 to 31 st March 2018)
	The Authority's Joint Housing Land Availability Study 2018 (Appendix 1)
	confirms a 3.9-year land supply .
	Third Monitoring Period (1 st April 2016 to 31 st March 2017)
	The Authority's Joint Housing Land Availability Study 2017 (Appendix 1)
	confirms a 4.8-year land supply .
	Second Monitoring Period (1 st April 2015 to 31 st March 2016)
	The Authority's Joint Housing Land Availability Study 2016 (Appendix 1)
	confirms a 5.0-year land supply .
	First Monitoring Period (17 th Dec 2013 to 31 st Mar 2015):
	5.8-year land supply in 2015
	5.3-year land supply in 2014
	Comments:
	The Authority retained a 5-year supply of land for the first three years since the
	adoption of the LDP. However, the 2016-2017 Joint Housing Land Availability
	Study returned a figure of 4.8 years – 0.2 below the 'threshold' of 5 years.
	The 2017-2018 Joint Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 3.9 years –
	1.1 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years.
	,
	The 2018-2019 Joint Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 2.1 years –
	2.9 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years.
	The 2019-2020 Joint Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 2.7 years –
	2.3 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years.

The 2020-2021 Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 2.7 years – 2.6 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years. The 2021-2022 Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 2.7 years – 1.2 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years.
The 2022-2023 Housing Land Availability returned a figure of 1.3 years – 3.7 years below the 'threshold' of 5 years.
In accordance with the Development Plans Manual Edition 3, housing delivery is now monitored against the Annual Average Requirement of the LDP. A new graph is included in Appendix 1.
New environmental evidence published in Jan 2021; Natural Resources Wales' Compliance Assessment of Welsh River SACs (Special Areas of Conservation) against Phosphorus Targets and associated practice guidance is likely to have a significant bearing on the scope for development in much of the National Park (Evidence Report 489). Whilst there is no definite date for when this evidence will be updated, it is not likely to be soon, furthermore there are no guarantees that when updated, the evidence will show <i>Phosphate Targets</i> (Critical Limits) are being met. The extent of this environmental constraint on the delivery of new development cannot be underlined strongly enough although it has become apparent that annual completions have fallen significantly since the evidence was published and are likely to continue to fall below those anticipated by the Local Development Plan.

Number of d	wellings for which planning permission has been granted.					
Policy	Ninth Monitoring Period					
Research	Planning permission granted for 5 new dwellings					
	Completions 2022-2023 = 69					
	Eighth Monitoring Period					
	Planning permission granted for 2 new dwellings					
	Completions 2021-2022 = 59					
	Seventh Monitoring Period					
	Planning permission granted for 29 new dwellings					
	Completions 2021-2022 = 67					
	Sixth Monitoring Period					
	Planning permission granted for 86 new dwellings					
	Completions 2021-2022 = 30					
	Fifth Monitoring Period					
	Planning permission granted for 161 new dwellings					

Completions 2018-2019 = 89
Fourth Monitoring Period
Planning permission granted for 57 new dwellings
Completions 2017-2018 = 203
Third Monitoring Period
Planning permission granted for 276 new dwellings
Completions 2016-2017 = 52
Second Monitoring Period
Planning permission granted for 117 new dwellings
Completions 2015 2016 59
Completions 2015-2016 = 58 First Monitoring Period:
Planning permission granted for 106 new dwellings, plus 64 and 45 completions
for 2013/14 and 2014/15 respectively.
Comment:
As monitoring the 5-year land supply has been amended to monitoring annual
completions against the LDP Annual Average Requirement, this indicator will
now focus on the number of homes (net-gain) for which planning permission
has been granted in the year.
In the year which this report covers, planning permission has been granted for
5 new homes.
Recommendation:
The annual indicator shows that permission for new homes is not keeping pace
with the Plan's projected growth. Further research and investigation is required
on the reasons for this, in particular on a pathway to meeting Phosphorus
Targets in the catchments of riverine Special Areas of Conservation in the
National Park and, where they are not currently, on bringing SAC designated
features back into Favourable Condition. Engaging with regional development
viability, housing market and housing needs work will also be important. Sub-
national 2018-based population and household projections are now available
for the National Park and these need to be built into Regional and Local Housing
Market Assessments.

Figure 3	
Number of un	its granted and completed in each settlement tier
Completed/	Ninth Monitoring Period
Policy	
Research	Permissions 2022 - 2023
	Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 0%
	Key Settlements: 20%
	Settlements: 60%
	Limited Growth Settlements: 0%

Countryside: 20% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2022 – 2023/

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 36% Key Settlements: 1% Settlements: 32% Limited Growth Settlements: 27% Countryside: 4% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Eighth Monitoring Period

Permissions 2021 - 2022

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 0% Key Settlements: 50% Settlements: 0% Limited Growth Settlements: 0% Countryside: 50% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2021 – 2022

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 90% Key Settlements: 0% Settlements: 5% Limited Growth Settlements: 2% Countryside: 3% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Seventh Monitoring Period

Permissions 2020 - 2021

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 0% Key Settlements: 83% Settlements: 17% Limited Growth Settlements: 0% Countryside: 0% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2020 – 2021

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 78% Key Settlements: 9% Settlements: 1% Limited Growth Settlements: 0% Countryside: 12% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Sixth Monitoring Period

Permissions 2019 - 2020

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 53.5% Key Settlements: 28% Settlements: 17% Limited Growth Settlements: 0% Countryside: 0% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2019 – 2020

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 10% Key Settlements: 6.5% Settlements: 30% Limited Growth Settlements: 20% Countryside: 26.5% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Fifth Monitoring Period

Permissions 2018 - 2019

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 89% Key Settlements: 3.5% Settlements: 2.5% Limited Growth Settlements: 0.5% Countryside: 4.5% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2018 – 2019

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 2% Key Settlements: 47% Settlements: 31% Limited Growth Settlements: 14% Countryside: 7% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Fourth Monitoring Period

Permissions 2017 - 2018

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 7% Key Settlements: 30% Settlements: 51% Limited Growth Settlements: 0% Countryside: 12% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0%

Completions 2017 - 2018

Brecon 7% (14) Key Settlements 56% (114) Settlements: 23% (47) Limited Growth Settlements 3% (6) Countryside: 11% (22) Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0% (0)

Third Monitoring Period

Permissions

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 2% Key Settlements: 48% Settlements: 13% Limited Growth Settlements: 7% Countryside: 9% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 21%

Completions 2016-2017

Brecon 6% (3) Key Settlements 8% (4) Settlements: 61% (32) Limited Growth Settlements 6% (3) Countryside: 19% (10) Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0

Second Monitoring Period

Permissions

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 14% Key Settlements: 41% Settlements: 35% Limited Growth Settlements: 5% Countryside: 5% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0

Completions 2015-2016

Brecon-9% **Key Settlements 9%** Settlements: 54% Limited Growth Settlements 20% Countryside: 9% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0 **First Monitoring Period:**

Permissions

Brecon Primary Key Settlement: 1% Key Settlements: 8% Settlements: 88% Limited Growth Settlements: 3% Countryside: 0 Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0

Completions 2013-2014

Brecon-0

Key Settlements 0 Settlements: 45% Limited Growth Settlements 0 Countryside: 55% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0

Completions 2014-2015

Brecon-0 Key Settlements 14% Settlements: 16% Limited Growth Settlements 24% Countryside: 46% Allocated Brownfield Sites: 0

Comments:

Permissions:

One of the objectives of the LDP is to encourage development in sustainable locations near facilities and services therefore minimising the need to travel, whilst also respecting the National Park purposes and special qualities. It is therefore encouraging to see the continuation of most residential units granted planning permission being located within either the Primary Key Settlement of Brecon, the Key Settlements of Crickhowell, Hay-On-Wye, Talgarth and Sennybridge and Defynnog along with the Level 3 Settlements.

This is a **three-year** indicator with an assessment trigger of more than 50% of dwellings granted planning permission being outside the Primary Key and Key Settlements.

Completions:

This indicator requires the following locational proportion of completions:

- Primary Key Settlement 20%
- Key Settlements 27%
- Settlements 28%
- Allocated Brownfield Sites 0%

The percentage (and number) of completions per settlement tier for the years since the adoption of the LDP is set out in the table below:

Year	Number	% within Primary Settlement	% within Key Settlement	% within Settlement (number)	% within Allocated Brownfield
		(number)	(number)		(number)
2013/14	64	0 (0)	0 (0)	45 (29)	0 (0)
2014/15	45	0 (0)	14 (6)	16 (7)	0 (0)
2015/16	58	9 (5)	9 (5)	54 (31)	0 (0)
2016/17	52	6 (3)	8 (4)	61 (32)	0 (0)
2017/18	203	7 (14)	56 (114)	23 (47)	0 (0)

		•		
89	2 (2)	47 (41)	31 (27)	0 (0)
30	10 (3)	6.5 (2)	30 (9)	0 (0)
67	78 (52)	9 (6)	1 (1)	0 (0)
59	90 (53)	0 (0)	3 (5)	0 (0)
69	36 (25)	1 (1)	32 (22)	0 (0)
736	21%	24%	28%	0%
195	66%	3%	14%	0%
the completions in the Primary Key Settlement of Brecon has remained high in the last 3 years, over target levels. It should be noted that the completions data does not correlate particularly well with the permissions data. To this end, it is suggested that the completions element of this indicator has limited scope beyond 'for information' purposes.				
	this indicato	r has been co	ompleted, it is	s necessary to
	30 67 59 69 736 195 Foring framework f less than 50 t and Key Selections in the years, over the permissions f this indicate endation:	3010 (3)6778 (52)5990 (53)6936 (25)73621%19566%coring framework states that f less than 50% of dwelling t and Key Settlements over letions in the Primary Key S years, over target levels. be noted that the completion permissions data. To this of f this indicator has limitedendation: e period for this indicator	3010 (3)6.5 (2)6778 (52)9 (6)5990 (53)0 (0)6936 (25)1 (1)73621%24%19566%3%coring framework states that the assessmf less than 50% of dwelling completionst and Key Settlements over a 3-year periodetions in the Primary Key Settlement ofyears, over target levels.be noted that the completions data doesbermissions data. To this end, it is suggedf this indicator has limited scope beyondendation:e period for this indicator has been completed for the compl	3010 (3)6.5 (2)30 (9)6778 (52)9 (6)1 (1)5990 (53)0 (0)3 (5)6936 (25)1 (1)32 (22)73621%24%28%19566%3%14%coring framework states that the assessment shall be trif less than 50% of dwelling completions occur within tht and Key Settlements over a 3-year period. The above theetions in the Primary Key Settlement of Brecon has represent, over target levels.be noted that the completions data does not correlate poermissions data. To this end, it is suggested that thf this indicator has limited scope beyond 'for information'

-igure 4						
Number of dv	vellings granted consent on mixed use sites					
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period					
Monitoring	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Eighth Monitoring Period					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Seventh Monitoring Period					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Sixth Monitoring Period					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Fifth Monitoring Period					
	119 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Fourth Monitoring Period					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Third Monitoring Period					
	68 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Second Monitoring Period					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	First Monitoring Period:					
	0 Dwellings granted planning permission on mixed use sites.					
	Comments:					
	Full planning permission has been permitted at appeal for 119 dwellings and					
	employment facilities at land at Cerrigcochion Road, Penlan, Brecon.					

Outline planning permission has been granted for an indicative number of 68 dwellings and employment facilities at the Former Army Camp, Cwrt-Y-Gollen (CS66). Permission has also been granted for 15 homes on the site 'SALT 037 – Proposed extension to T9, Talgarth'.
A development brief has also been approved for CS111 – Former Mid Wales Hospital, Talgarth (125).
Recommendation:
There is no assessment trigger for this indicator. Accordingly, this will be monitored over the remainder of the plan period.

igure 5	
All application	s granted planning consent to achieve a density of 30 dwellings per hectar
Policy	Ninth Monitoring Period
Research	4 residential permission was granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	1 residential permission was granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	0 residential permission was granted at 30 dwellings per hectare
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	1 residential permission was granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	0 residential permission was granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	0 residential permission was granted at 30 dwellings per hectare
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	1 residential permission was granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	1 residential permission was granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	1 residential permission was granted at 30 dwellings per hectare
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	6 residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	0 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	5 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 3
	dwellings per hectare
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	6 residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	4 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	0 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 3
	dwellings per hectare
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	8 residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	5 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	8 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 3
	dwellings per hectare
	Third Monitoring Period
	11 residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	11 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare
	5 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 3
	dwellings per hectare
	Second Monitoring Period
	10 residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare
	4 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare

3 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 30 dwellings per hectare **First Monitoring Period:** 16 of residential permissions were granted below 20 dwellings per hectare 5 residential permissions were granted at 20-30 dwellings per hectare 5 residential permissions of residential applications were granted at 30 dwellings per hectare Comment: Policy 61 of the Local Development Plan relates to dwelling density and states that: "All residential development will be required to be developed at a minimum density of 30 dwellings to the hectare, where this is compatible with the existing character of the area. Only where it is proven that this density cannot be achieved due to the incorporation of measures to improve the sustainability of the scheme which cannot be located on land outside of the allocation, will levels less than the minimum target be permissible." There is some flexibility in this policy that would allow development to be approved at a level of density below 30 dwellings per hectare, such as the character of the surrounding area. Furthermore, there have been instances where a lower level of density has been agreed due to abnormal conditions on site – topography and access constraints for example. It was recommended in the Report for the first monitoring period that: "The indicator suggests that this policy is not wholly being implemented as required. However, it must be noted that there is flexibility within the policy that allows development to take place at a density below 30 dwellings per hectare. Accordingly, further research is required in relation to the following: *Investigation into the number of allocated sites that have been granted* planning permission at a density of below 30 dwellings per hectare Determine the specific reasons for allowing a lower level of dwelling • density Depending on the results of this policy research, it may be required that Development Management Officers and Authority Members be provided with additional training in relation to the requirements of Policy 61. A further consideration will be the development of an additional piece of Supplementary Planning Guidance to address the issue of dwelling density and mix on housing and mixed-use allocations." Further to this recommendation, an examination of the relevant application proposals was carried out and it was determined that all fell within the tolerance of Policy 61. That is, it is reasonable to suggest that planning permission was only granted for development proposals below a density of

30dph in instances where it could not be achieved or that a 30+dph density would not be compatible with the surroundings of the particular site. Notwithstanding this, Development Management Officers were provided with training from the Strategy and Policy Team to ensure that the policy was being interpreted appropriately.
Recommendation: The indicator suggests that this policy is not being implemented as required. However, it must be noted that there is flexibility within the policy that allows development to take place at a density below 30 dwellings per hectare.

	•
	pusing percentage target
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
	has been a +22.7% change in house prices for the period of this AMR (Annual
	Monitoring Report).
	Data from the Land Registry indicates that house prices have risen somewhere
	between 13 and 22% in the Heads of the Valleys sub-market area, and house
	prices have risen somewhere between 11 and 15% across the rest of the
	National Park, reported in August 2022.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
	has been a +22.7% change in house prices for the period of this AMR (Annual
	Monitoring Report).
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
	has been a +11.1% change in house prices for the period of this AMR (Annual
	Monitoring Report).
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
	has been a +5.23% change in house prices for the period of this AMR.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	The Land redistry House Price index for Merthyr Tydii demonstrates that there
	The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there has been a $+0.2\%$ change in house prices for the period of this AMR.
	has been a $\pm 0.2\%$ change in house prices for the period of this AMR.
	has been a +0.2% change in house prices for the period of this AMR. Fourth Monitoring Period
	has been a +0.2% change in house prices for the period of this AMR. Fourth Monitoring Period The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
	has been a +0.2% change in house prices for the period of this AMR. Fourth Monitoring Period

The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
has been a +1.4% change in house prices for the period of this AMR.
Second Monitoring Period
The Land registry House Price Index for Merthyr Tydfil demonstrates that there
has been a -1.75% change in house prices for the period of this AMR. However
average house prices remain above those experienced in the region on the
adoption of the LDP in December 2013.
First Monitoring Period:
Data from the Land Registry and derived from the Development Appraisal
Toolkit suggests that house prices have risen somewhere between 9 and 17%
in the Heads of the Valleys sub-market area during 2012-15.
Comment:
The assessment trigger for this indicator is a 2.5% change in house prices in the
Heads of the Valley sub-market area and a 5% change across the rest of the
National Park area.
Recommendation:
Given that the Land Registry data, together with the Development Appraisal
Toolkit data, suggest a significant overall increase in house prices in the Heads
of the Valleys area, it will be necessary for the Authority to consider additional
viability testing with a view to modifying the Affordable Housing contribution
targets (if appropriate) as part of the development of LDP2.

Figure /	
Number of af	fordable dwellings granted consent
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	Permission was granted for 0 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 0% of all
	residential permissions.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 0 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 0% of all
	residential permissions.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 19 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 66% of all
	residential permissions.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 55 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 64% of all
	residential permissions.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 21 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 13% of all
	residential permissions.
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 9 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 12% of all
	residential permissions.
	Third Monitoring Period
	Permission was granted for 63 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 23% of all
	residential permissions.
	Second Monitoring Period

Permission was granted for 45 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 38% of all residential permissions.
First Monitoring Period:
Permission was granted for 24 affordable dwellings. This accounts for 17% of all residential permissions.
Comment:
The target for this indicator is 47 Affordable Housing dwellings to be granted planning permission per annum (+/- 30%). There is also an assessment trigger of less than 38 Affordable Housing dwellings being provided annually for 3 consecutive years.
Planning permission was granted for 55 affordable homes during 2019/20 and 19 affordable homes in 2020/21, however no permission have been granted for affordable homes since this period and therefore fails to meet the target indicator.
This is likely due to the phosphate situation that the National Park Authority is facing and until a solution or methods of mitigations are found, the targets set out within the LDP are unlikely to be met in upcoming annual monitoring reports.
Recommendation:
This indicator is to be monitored for a further year.
facing and until a solution or methods of mitigations are found, the targets set out within the LDP are unlikely to be met in upcoming annual monitoring reports. Recommendation:

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Number of aff	Number of affordable dwellings completed	
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Monitoring	Completions 2022-2023: 10	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	Completions 2021-2022: 32	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	Completions 2020-2021: 21	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	Completions 2019-2020: 2	
	Fifth Monitoring Period	
	Completions 2018-2019: 28	
	Fourth Monitoring Period	
	Completions 2017-2018: 41	
	Third Monitoring Period	

Completions 2016-2017: 24
Second Monitoring Period
Completions 2015-2016: 10
First Monitoring Period:
Completions 2013-2014: 31
Completions 2014-2015: 6
Comment: The target indicator (20 units) was not met during this monitoring period (2022/23).
The second assessment trigger requires more than 15 Affordable Housing dwellings to be completed annually for three consecutive years. The total number of completions for affordable housing over the last 3 monitoring periods is 63 units, an average of 21 a year.
Recommendation:
The indicator will continue to be monitored.

<u> </u>	
Number of ma	rket dwellings coming forward on sites of 3 dwellings or more
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	0 sites were permitted where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite
	affordable housing was not viable at the appropriate affordable housing target.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	0 sites were permitted where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite
	affordable housing was not viable at the appropriate affordable housing target.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	10 market units (amounting to the loss of 2 affordable dwellings on the ground)
	were permitted on 2 sites where it was demonstrated that the provision of
	onsite affordable housing was not viable at the appropriate affordable housing
	target.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	5 market units (amounting to the loss of 2 affordable dwellings on the ground)
	were permitted on 1 site where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite
	affordable housing was not viable at the appropriate affordable housing target.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	119 units (amounting to the loss of 23 affordable dwellings on the ground)
	were permitted on 1 site where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite
	affordable housing was no viable at the appropriate affordable housing target
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	0 sites were permitted where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite
	affordable housing was not viable at the appropriate affordable housing target.

Third Monitoring Period 23 market units were permitted on 4 separate sites where it was demonstrated that the provision of onsite affordable housing was not viable. This amounts to a loss of 19 affordable dwellings. There has been a further loss of 21.5 affordable dwellings on sites where some onsite provision has been provided, but not the full affordable housing target.
Second Monitoring Period 25 units were permitted on 4 separate sites where it was demonstrated that provision of affordable housing was not viable. This amount to a loss of 5 affordable dwellings
First Monitoring Period: 5 permissions (amounting to the loss of 13 Affordable Dwellings on the ground) were granted on site for 3 or more dwellings which did not achieve policy levels of affordable housing contribution.
Comment: Policy 28 of the LDP seeks to enable affordable housing on sites where there is a net gain in housing at a set target levels, however provision is made within the policy to enable the level of affordable housing to be reduced below target levels because of robust evidence demonstrating target levels are not viable.
This indicator seeks to monitor the extent to which permitted residential schemes can meet target levels of affordable housing. This indicator provides information in relation to the potential gap between policy aspirations and market delivery by seeking to monitor the number of affordable housing 'lost' because of viability testing.
Policy level affordable housing targets will be reviewed as part of LDP2 preparation.
Recommendation : The indicator will continue to be monitored.

Number of A	Number of Affordable windfall dwellings	
Policy	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Research	0 Affordable Windfall dwellings	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	0 Affordable Windfall dwellings	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	0 Affordable Windfall dwellings	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	0 Affordable Windfall dwellings	
	Fifth Monitoring Period	
	1 Affordable Windfall dwellings	

Fourth Monitoring Period
4 Affordable Windfall dwellings
Third Monitoring Period
13 Affordable Windfall dwellings
Second Monitoring Period
29 Affordable Windfall dwellings
First Monitoring Period:
4 Affordable Windfall Dwellings
Comment:
The annual target of 3 windfall Affordable Housing dwellings being granted planning permission per annum has not been met for four consecutive years and this triggers an assessment into the reasons. Although the assessment is yet to commence, the small number of planning permissions granted in 2022/23 for new homes (5 new dwellings) indicate this trend may not be specific to Affordable Windfall Permissions.
In this monitoring period, 0 windfall affordable dwellings were granted planning permission.
Recommendation:
The indicator will continue to be monitored and an assessment be made of the reasons why the annual target of 3 windfall Affordable Housing dwellings being granted planning permission per annum has not been met in any of the previous 3 years
Although unfavourable market conditions are likely to be a significant factor in the development of windfall affordable housing, it must also be noted that the phosphate issue will be compounding factors against delivery of this target.

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Number of Af	Number of Affordable dwellings on Exception Sites	
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Monitoring	0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.	

Fifth Manitaning David
Fifth Monitoring Period
0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.
Fourth Monitoring Period
0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.
Third Monitoring Period
0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.
Second Monitoring Period
0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.
First Monitoring Period:
0 Dwellings granted permission on Affordable Housing Exception sites.
Comment:
Whilst the annual target of 4 Affordable dwellings being granted planning permission has not been met, it should be noted that this is not because of the refusal of any planning application. No 'exception site' applications were received during the period which can be beyond the control of the Authority. Accordingly, given that it relates to 'exceptional development,' consideration will be given to whether this indicator will be monitored in the future.
See also commentary above relating to windfall affordable housing sites, market conditions and the phosphate crisis.
conditions and the phosphate crisis.

Occupation of	the allocated Gypsy and Traveller site
Completed	The allocated Gypsy and Traveller site has been developed and occupied by the
during	family.
previous	Comment:
monitoring	Further to the granting of planning permission on 27 th March 2012 for a
period	proposed permanent Gypsy and Traveller site the 14 pitches granted consent
	have been developed.
	Recommendation:
	The monitoring framework required this site to be occupied by 2017. The site
	has already been developed and occupied so no further monitoring is required.

Supplementary Planning Guidance	
Completed	Supplementary Planning Guidance has been produced in relation to the
during	following:
previous	Affordable Housing Strategy

monitoring period	 Affordable Housing SPG Planning Obligations Strategy CYD LP1: Appropriate Development in the Countryside Addendum to CYD LP1: Appropriate Development in the Countryside
	Comment: In line with the requirements of the Local Development Plan Monitoring Framework, Members have endorsed the above Supplementary Planning Guidance. These guidance documents take account of and address the 6
	Supplementary Planning Guidance referred to in the 'Delivering Housing' section of the Local Development Plan Monitoring Framework.
	Recommendation: The relevant Supplementary Planning Guidance has been completed. Accordingly, no further monitoring is required.

Economic Wellbeing

Figure 14	
Development	of Employment Land
Monitoring	Ninth Monitoring Period
Complete	During the period 01/04/22 – 31/03/23, permissions were granted for 0.0169 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	During the period 1/4/21-31/3/22 permissions were granted for 0.0582 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	During the period 1/4/20 – 31/3/21, 0 permissions were granted of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	During the period $1/4/19 - 31/3/20$, 3 permissions were granted for 0.47 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	During the period 1/4/18 – 31/3/19 no permissions were granted of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	During the period 1/4/17 – 31/3/18 permissions were granted for 0.14 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
	Third Monitoring Period
	During the period 1/4/16-31/3/17 permissions were granted for 1.16 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.

A total of 0.8 hectares of employment land has been developed since the adoption of the LDP.
Second Monitoring Period During the period 1/4/15-31/3/16 permissions were granted for 0.135 hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
First Monitoring Period: Permissions granted for a total of 0.491 Hectares of B Use Class development falling within allocated employment sites.
Comment: The trigger for assessment in relation to this indicator is that less than 0.5 hectares of employment land allocated is developed by 2017 and 0.75 hectares by the end of the Plan period. As referred to above, a total of 1.923 hectares of employment land has been granted planning permission for B1, B2 and B8 uses during the monitoring period.
It should also be noted that a total of 0.63 hectares of employment development has taken place since the adoption of the LDP – a total of 1.43 hectares overall.
In support of the Local Development Plan Review which commenced in December 2017, the Authority commissioned evidence gathering work to commence in the form of a comprehensive Employment Land Review. This will form a key piece of evidence for the Review and will set out options relating to the required level of new employment land required for allocation for the replacement LDP period, although this will require updating when we commence the review of the LDP (expecting to begin by end of 2023).
Further assessments (A Mid Wales Employment Sites and Premises Needs Assessment and Action Plan) have been prepared undertaken to inform the portfolio of the Mid Wales Growth Deal.
Recommendation: This indicator requires at least 0.5ha of employment land to be developed by 2017, and 0.75 hectares over the Plan period. Accordingly, the requirements of this indicator have been met.

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Line the exclusion of Dell' D L		(D1 use class). Accordingly, this indicator will continue to be monitored and w be the subject of Policy Research

Figure 16	
Employment development in Sennybridge and Defynnog	
	Ninth Monitoring Period

Continue	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
Monitoring	Sennybridge and Defynnog.
_	Eighth Monitoring Period
	1 permission granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge and Defynnog, leading to 0.12ha of B8 use (Ref: 20/19074/FUL -
	Proposed change of use of existing yard and barn from Agricultural Use (Sui
	Generis) to a Mixed Use of Agriculture and B8 storage and distribution (animal
	feeds and bedding) and installation of a feed hopper).
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Third Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Second Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	First Monitoring Period:
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within
	Sennybridge
	Comment:
	This indicator was included because of a proposed allocated employment site
	being withdrawn from the Local Development Plan by the landowner during the
	Examination. An assessment would be triggered if 1.43 ha of employment land
	is not granted planning permission within or beyond the Sennybridge and
	Defynnog settlement by 2017.
	It should be noted that the Authority's Employment Land Review identified a
	requirement to deliver 1.46ha of employment land for the whole National Park
	area up to the end of the Plan period.
	Recommendation:
	The indicator will be monitored for a further year or until the monitoring target
	has been reached.
	The matter will also be addressed through preparation of the replacement LDP.

Figure 17	
Employment	development in Hay-On-Wye
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	0 permissions have been granted for employment generating development
	within Hay on Wye.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions have been granted for employment generating development
	within Hay on Wye.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	1 permission has been granted for employment generating development within
	Hay on Wye.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	0 permission has been granted for employment generating development within
	Hay on Wye.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	1 permission has been granted for employment generating development within
	Hay on Wye.
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	0 permission has been granted for employment generating development within
	Hay on Wye.
	Third Monitoring Period
	1 permission has been granted for employment generating development within
	Hay on Wye.
	Second Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within Hay on
	Wye
	First Monitoring Period:
	0 permissions granted for employment generating development within Hay on
	Wye
	Comment:
	The permission granted within the seventh monitoring period comprised a
	change of use from 1st floor residential to business use B1. This resulted in an
	additional 0.0088ha of additional employment land (ref: 20/19309/FUL).
	The permission granted within the fifth monitoring period comprised the
	change of use from a former bank (A2) to part business (B1) and part residential
	(C3).
	This indicator was included because of planning permission being granted for
	a community use on land allocated for employment use prior to the Adoption
	of the LDP. An assessment would be triggered if 0.6 ha of employment land is
	not granted planning permission within or beyond the Hay-on-Wye settlement
	by 2017.
	It should be noted that the Authority's Employment Land Review identified a
	requirement to deliver 1.46ha of employment land for the whole National Park
	area up to the end of the Plan period.

In addition, a 4.2 ha mixed use allocation comprising 2.4 ha of employment land is proposed to be allocated in Powys County Council's Deposit Local Development Plan. The site is referred to as Land at Gypsy Castle Lane (Site Ref: MUA 1) is located immediately adjacent to the Hay-on-Wye settlement boundary. It is considered that the development of this site would satisfy the requirements of this indicator.
Recommendation : The indicator will be monitored for a further year or until the monitoring target has been reached. The matter will also be addressed as part of the replacement LDP.

Supplementary Planning Guidance	
Completed	Members have endorsed the Farm Diversification Supplementary Planning
during	Guidance for use in the determination of relevant planning applications.
previous	Comments:
monitoring	None.
period	Recommendation:
	The relevant Supplementary Planning Guidance has been completed.
	Accordingly, no further monitoring is required.

Policy Monitoring

Environmental Protection

Land in the Countryside lost to development by way of departure from CYD LP1	
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the
	Countryside lost to development.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the
	Countryside lost to development.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the
	Countryside lost to development.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the
	Countryside lost to development.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the
	Countryside lost to development.

Fourth Monitoring Period 1 permission has been granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the Countryside lost to development.
Third Monitoring Period 0 permissions granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 with land in the Countryside lost to development.
Second Monitoring Period One permission granted by way of departure to CYD LP1 amounting to a Change of use of lay by land by virtue of Temporary Consent requested for 3 years - positioning of unit (4.175m x 2.02m) for serving snacks/drinks
First Monitoring Period : Temporary permission for siting of shipping containers for storage for Community Facility amounting to the temporary loss of 0.15 hectares of countryside.
Permission granted for the demolition of attached outbuildings, the formal change of use of the land upon which they stand to residential, the construction of a replacement extension to the existing dwelling and the retention of two windows amounting to the loss of 0.01 hectares land designated as countryside.
Permission granted regularising extension of residential curtilage into open countryside amounting to the loss of 0.16 hectares land designated as countryside.
In total 0.15Ha temporary loss and 0.17 hectares permanent loss
Comment : Development Management Officers were provided with training from the Strategy and Policy Team following the first monitoring period to ensure that the policy was being interpreted appropriately.
To this end, it should be noted that instances of departure from this policy reduced significantly since the first monitoring period, with all development permitted in the Countryside (as defined by the LDP) being in accordance with LDP Policy CYD LP1.
Recommendation : It is recommended that the monitoring of this indicator continues.

Figure 20	
Development with an adverse impact on Historic Landscape Designations	
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
	Eighth Monitoring Period

No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Seventh Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Sixth Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Fifth Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Fourth Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Third Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Second Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
First Monitoring Period:
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on Historic Landscape Designations.
Comments:
 None.
Recommendation:
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.
•

Development	Development with an adverse impact on designated sites for nature conservation	
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Monitoring	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse	
	impact on sites designated for nature conservation.	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse	
	impact on sites designated for nature conservation.	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse	
	impact on sites designated for nature conservation.	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse	
	impact on sites designated for nature conservation.	
	Fifth Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse	
	impact on sites designated for nature conservation.	
	Fourth Monitoring Period	

No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on sites designated for nature conservation.
Third Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on sites designated for nature conservation.
Second Monitoring Period
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on sites designated for nature conservation.
First Monitoring Period:
No planning permissions have been granted which would result in an adverse
impact on sites designated for nature conservation.
Comments:
None.
Recommendation:
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored, particularly
considering Natural Resources Wales' Compliance Assessment of Welsh River
SACs against Phosphorus Targets (Evidence Report 489), which has a significant
bearing on the scope for development in much of the National Park.

Figure 22	
Development with an adverse impact on:	
 Listed Building 	
Conservation Area	
 Site/area of Archaeological Significance 	
	 Historic Landscape, Park and Garden
Continue	Ninth Monitoring period:
Monitoring	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Eighth Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Seventh Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Sixth Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Fifth Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Fourth Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Third Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Second Monitoring Period
	2 planning permissions have been granted which would have a minor impact
	on the conservation area.
	First Monitoring period:
	No relevant planning permissions have been granted.
	Comments:

None.
Recommendation:
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.

Number of Co	nservation Areas with up-to-date assessments
Completed	Ceased Monitoring
during 7 th	Seventh Monitoring Period
monitoring	2 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
period	Sixth Monitoring Period
	0 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	0 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	0 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
	Third Monitoring Period
	3 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
	Second Monitoring Period
	0 Conservation Area Assessments completed within the period of this AMR.
	First Monitoring Period:
	0 Conservation Area Assessments completed.
	Comment:
	Following consultation, Crickhowell and Llangattock Conservation Area Appraisals were approved by the National Park Authority during the 7 th Monitoring period (2020/2021).
	Recommendation:
	This assessment would be triggered for this indicator should the Conservation
	Area Assessments not be completed by the end of 2017. Appraisals have now
	been completed for Brecon, Hay-On-Wye, Talgarth, Crickhowell and Llangattock Conservation Areas. Accordingly, no further monitoring is required.

Figure 24 Supplementary Planning Guidance

Completed in part during previous monitoring period.	 In line with the requirements of the LDP Monitoring Framework, Members have endorsed the following Supplementary Planning Guidance for use in the determination of relevant planning applications: Obtrusive Lighting Biodiversity Audit
Biodiversity Audit Completed in 2016.	The proposed Supplementary Planning Guidance relating to Best Practice in Biodiversity has published and endorsed for use in the determination of relevant planning applications. The publication of this SPG was delayed, due in part to the work that has been undertaken to extend the Biodiversity Audit Supplementary Planning Guidance to include the remaining Level 2 Key Settlement at Sennybridge and Defynnog (which has also been endorsed).
	Comment: None.
	Recommendation : The relevant Supplementary Planning Guidance has been completed. Accordingly, no further monitoring is required.

Climate Change, Sustainable Design and Renewable Energy

Figure 25		
Development in C1 and C2 flood areas not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests		
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Monitoring	No planning permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2	
	floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2	
	floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2	
	floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	No planning permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2	
	floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Fifth Monitoring Period	
	3 planning permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2	
	floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Fourth Monitoring Period	
	No permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2 floodplain area,	
	not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests	
	Third Monitoring Period	
	No permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2 floodplain area,	
	not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests.	
	Second Monitoring Period	

No permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2 floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests. First Monitoring Period: No permissions were granted planning permission in a C1 or C2 floodplain area, not meeting Technical Advice Note 15 tests.
Comments: During this monitoring period, no planning permissions were granted in a C1 or C2 flood zone against the advice and tests contained in Technical Advice Note 15: Development and flood risk. During the period covered by this monitoring report, following a committee resolution to permit vulnerable development by supporting a Change of Use within a C2 flood zone, an application was called in for determination by the
 Welsh Ministers and was refused. Recommendation: We note that a revised TAN15 (Technical Advice Note 15) is due for publication within the 9th Monitoring period, and that NRW will be revising their position in relation to assessment of FCA (Flood Consequences Assessment) in areas of flood, however, this may be delayed after public consultation. Considering contextual changes, we will continue to monitor the implementation of this policy.

Planning cons	ents contrary to advice of Natural Resources Wales and Dŵr Cymru Welsh	
Water regarding water quality/quantity		
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period	
Monitoring	No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural	
	Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or	
	quantity.	
	Eighth Monitoring Period	
	No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural	
	Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or	
	quantity.	
	Seventh Monitoring Period	
	No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural	
	Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or	
	quantity.	
	Sixth Monitoring Period	
	No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural	
	Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or	
	quantity.	
	Fifth Monitoring Period	
	No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural	
	Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or	
	quantity.	

Fourth Monitoring Period
No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural
Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or
quantity.
Third Monitoring Period
No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural
Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or
quantity.
Second Monitoring Period
No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural
Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or
quantity.
First Monitoring Period:
No permissions granted planning permission contrary to the advice of Natural
Resources Wales or Dŵr Cymru Welsh Water regarding water quality or
quantity.
Comments:
 None.
Recommendation:
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored particularly
considering Natural Resources Wales' Compliance Assessment of Welsh River
SACs against Phosphorus Targets (Evidence Report 489) and associated practice
guidance, which has a significant bearing on the scope for development in much
of the National Park.

Number of applications which consider climate change adaptation techniques within			
Design and Access Statements			
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period		
Monitoring	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Eighth Monitoring Period		
	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Seventh Monitoring Period		
	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Sixth Monitoring Period		
	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Fifth Monitoring Period		
	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Fourth Monitoring Period		
	0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
	was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
	Third Monitoring Period		

0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
Second Monitoring Period		
0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
First Monitoring Period:		
0 applications for major development have been received where climate change		
was not considered within the Design and Access Statement.		
Comments:		
None.		
Recommendation:		
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be		
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.		

Figure 28

Number of applications for larger developments that fail to provide 20% of their energy				
from low or zero carbon resources				
Ceased	Ceased monitoring.			
Monitoring				
following	Comment:			
previous	This indicator arose because of the requirements of Policy SP11 (Sustainable			
monitoring	Development) as it was originally drafted in the Deposit Local Development			
period	 Plan. However, this specific requirement was removed from the policy by the Inspector during the Local Development Plan Examination on the basis that it was beyond the requirements of National Planning Policy. The indicator remains in the Monitoring Framework by error as it was not picked up during the editing process and amended by way of the Matters Arising Changes. There is no policy in the Plan to enforce this requirement and, accordingly, it is recommended that this indicator ceases to be monitored. 			
	Recommendation: Ceased monitoring.			

Figure 29

Development of renewable energy schemes			
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period		
Monitoring	The National Park issued 10 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (7 solar schemes, and 3 for air source heat pumps). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.		
	Eighth Monitoring Period The National Park issued 4 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (3 solar schemes, and 1 for air source heat pumps). None of these		

permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Seventh Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 4 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (3 solar schemes, 3 for biomass and 1 for air source heat pumps). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Sixth Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 4 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (2 solar schemes, including permission for installing solar panels on one of the National Park Authority owned visitor centres, 1 for biomass and 1 for ground source heat pumps). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Fifth Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 3 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (1 consent was for a borehole and water storage facility, 2 solar and 2 hydroelectric schemes). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Fourth Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 4 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (1 consent was for biomass, 1 for ground/water/air heat pumps and 2 solar). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Third Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 3 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes (1 consent was for Ground/Water/Air heat pump, 1 hydropower and 1 solar). None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Second Monitoring Period

The National Park issued 11 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes, the majority of these were for small scale hydro schemes. None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

First Monitoring Period:

The National Park issued 22 permissions within the period for renewable energy schemes, the majority of these were for small scale hydro schemes. None of these permissions were considered to have a significant adverse impact on the special qualities of the National Park.

Comments:

During the 7th monitoring period, Community Energy Audits were undertaken across the National Park, alongside C02 emissions reduction analysis (November 2020) and more recently an energy only Paris Aligned Carbon Budget. The emissions reduction analysis showed just one Lower Super Output Area (New Inn 4) across the whole National Park had met the Welsh Government's emissions reduction target of 3% per annum between 2010 and 2018. During this period emissions in one Lower Super Output Area (Goetre Fawr 1) had increased.

 Furthermore, for the National Park to make its 'fair' contribution towards the Paris Agreement, the area-based Carbon Budget identifies a need to: Stay within a maximum cumulative carbon dioxide emissions budget of 1,557 thousand tonnes (ktCO2), for the period of 2020 to 2100; Initiate an immediate programme of CO2 mitigation to deliver annual cuts in emissions averaging 14% to deliver a Paris Agreement aligned carbon budget; and, Reach zero or near zero carbon no later than 2039. The report behind the budget recommends the National Park should: increase sequestration of CO2 through land use, land-use change and forestry (LULUCF), for example aligning with Committee on Climate Change's high-level ambition of tree planting, forestry yield improvements and forestry management; and.
 ensure such CO2 sequestration is also sufficient to help compensate for non-CO2 emissions within the National Park.
Recommendation:
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.

Figure 30	
Permitted and	l installed capacity (MW) of renewable electricity and heat projects
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.67 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 1.287 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.087 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.32 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.15 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.26 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Third Monitoring Period
	Permissions amount to an increase of 0.02 megawatts capacity of energy from
	renewable energy schemes
	Second Monitoring Period

The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.		
Recommendation:		
None.		
Comments:		
renewable energy schemes		
Permissions amount to an increase of 0.41 megawatts capacity of energy from		
First Monitoring Period:		
renewable energy schemes		
Permissions amount to an increase of 0.3 megawatts capacity of energy from		

Figure 31

Supplementar	Supplementary Planning Guidance			
Completed	In line with the requirements of the Local Development Plan Monitoring			
during	Framework, Members have endorsed the following Supplementary Planning			
previous	Guidance for use in the determination of relevant planning applications:			
monitoring	Sustainable Development in the National Parks of Wales			
period	Small Scale Renewable Energy Developments			
	Comments:			
	None.			
	Recommendation:			
	The relevant Supplementary Planning Guidance has been completed.			
	Accordingly, no further monitoring is required.			

Retail

Annual vacan	cy rates of the Town Centres
Further	Ninth Monitoring Period
research	Brecon vacancy rate at 6%
	Crickhowell vacancy rate at 1%
	Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 7%
	Talgarth Vacancy rate at 4%
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	Brecon vacancy rate at 9%
	Crickhowell vacancy rate at 1%
	Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 5%
	Talgarth Vacancy rate at 0%
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	Brecon vacancy rate at 9%
	Crickhowell vacancy rate at 3%
	Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 7%
	Talgarth Vacancy rate at 0%
	Sixth Monitoring Period

Further policy research undertaken for inclusion in LDP2.
This indicator will be monitored for a further year.
Recommendation:
Work is progressing through the Place Plan process to address the retail health of Brecon, however, plans for a "Business Improvement District" in Brecon were rejected by businesses in 2020. The Policy team will continue to work with external agencies to explore how to support our retail centres and work to develop best practice for the emerging LDP.
an attempt to support town centre vibrancy. Consultation was undertaken on draft Town Centre Supplementary Planning Guidance and a decision will be taken on whether to introduce this if the temporary permitted development rights are not made permanent.
Comment: The purpose of this indicator is to address the 'health' of the retail centres in the National Park. Vacancy rates are monitored within defined areas of the town where there is a strategic objective to support the predominance of retail or town centre uses. During this monitoring period temporary permitted development rights have been introduced, and licensing made more flexible in
Crickhowell vacancy rate at 6% Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 2% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 8%
First Monitoring Period: Brecon vacancy rate at 9%
Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 2% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 11%
Second Monitoring Period Brecon vacancy rate at 8% Crickhowell vacancy rate at 4%
Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 3% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 9%
Third Monitoring Period Brecon vacancy rate at 7% Crickhowell vacancy rate at 3%
Crickhowell vacancy rate at 4% Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 4% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 4%
Fourth Monitoring Period Brecon vacancy rate at 10%
Crickhowell vacancy rate at 8% Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 7% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 4%
Fifth Monitoring Period Brecon vacancy rate at 11%
Hay on Wye vacancy rate at 7% Talgarth Vacancy rate at 2%
Brecon vacancy rate at 12% Crickhowell vacancy rate at 5%

	Joint working between Policy team and town centre regeneration initiatives.

Sustainable Tourism

gure 33				
	w or improved tourism			
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period			
Monitoring	The NPA (National Park Authority) granted 12 planning permissions within the			
	period for new or improved tourism facilities.			
	Eighth Monitoring Peri			
			d 10 planning permissions within th	
	period for new or improved tourism facilities.			
	Seventh Monitoring Pe			
			d 22 planning permissions within th	
	period for new or impro-		ies.	
	Sixth Monitoring Perio			
			ions within the period for new o	
	improved tourism faciliti			
	Fifth Monitoring Perio			
	-	· • ·	ions within the period for new	
	improved tourism faciliti			
	Fourth Monitoring Per			
	The NPA granted 26 planning permissions within the period for new or			
	improved tourism facilities.			
	Third Monitoring Period			
	The NPA granted 13 planning permissions within the period for new or			
	improved tourism facilities.			
	Second Monitoring Period			
	The NPA granted 7 planning permissions within the period for new or improve			
	tourism facilities.			
	First Monitoring Period:			
	1 new tourism facility granted planning permission within the period (Bryncoch			
	fishing and campsite)			
	Comments:			
	Ninth Monitoring Perio			
	Address	Ref	Description of Development	
	Rhydywernen Farm		Siting of 4 portable shower units	
	Libanus	22/20810/FUL	at Rhydywernen Farm in	
	Brecon		connection with an existing camp	
	LD3 8EH		site.	
	Henbont			
	Llanddeusant		One no. mobile glamping unit	
	Llangadog	21/20386/FUL	situated in the woods under the	
	Carmarthenshire		ownership of Henbont Farm	
	SA19 9TG			

	Rhydywernen Farm Libanus Brecon LD3 8EH	22/20788/FUL	Retrospective Planning Application for the erection of two ancillary buildings to existing campsite.
	Llwynioroth Myddfai Llandovery Carmarthenshire SA20 0JG	22/20802/FUL	Proposed conversion of Traditional Farm Building to holiday let and provision of car parking spaces, together with all other associated works.
	Cwmgwdi Farm Ffrwdgrech Brecon LD3 8LG	22/20687/FUL	Two shepherd's huts for farm- based holiday accommodation, with associated installation of sewage treatment plant
	Cwm Uchaf Farm Oak Lane Llanellen Monmouthshire NP7 9LD	21/20327/FUL	Conversion of barn to holiday let accommodation.
	Llwynstyfelin Sennybridge Brecon LD3 8SR	22/20883/FUL	Siting of shepherd's hut for holiday letting
	Ysguborwen Gwynfe Road Ffairfach Llandeilo SA19 6UY	21/20196/FUL	Change of use of agricultural land to Tourism for the siting of 5 no. mobile Shepherds Huts, car parking, provision of private treatment plant, together with all other associated works.
	Garwnant Cabins Coed Taff Forest Cwmtaf Merthyr Tydfil CF48 2HU	22/21206/FUL	Proposed change of use of managers accommodation cabin to holiday accommodation, replacement of reception and cycle store buildings with 2 new additional holiday cabins and 1 additional managers accommodation unit in maintenance compound area.
	1 Cefn Cantref Cantref Brecon LD3 8LT	21/20550/FUL	Conversion of and extension to outbuilding to holiday accommodation
	Cilwych Barns Llanspyddid Brecon Powys LD3 8NS	20/19097/FUL	Proposed conversion of redundant agricultural buildings to two units of holiday accommodation, one unit of residential accommodation for a farm worker and manager, a single storey rear extension, external alterations including new

	roofs and insertion of roof lights, bat mitigation, new parking areas, access improvements and change of use of agricultural land to residential use.				
Recommendation:					
The requirement of this in	The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be				
an important indicator an	d will continue to be monitored.				

Sustainable Communities

igure 34	
-	oplications approved resulting in the loss of community facilities
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Third Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	Second Monitoring Period
	No applications approved contrary to Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective
	aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of community facilities
	First Monitoring Period:
	No applications resulting in the loss of a community facility.
	Comments:
	No planning applications have been approved contrary to the provisions of
	Strategic Policy SP15 and the protective aim of Policy 50 resulting in the loss of
	community facilities.
	Recommendation:
	The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
	an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.

Infrastructure

Figure 35					
Amount of new	w development providing SUDS (Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems)				
Cease	Eighth Monitoring Period				
Monitoring	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Seventh Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Sixth Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Fifth Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Fourth Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Third Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	Second Monitoring Period				
	All relevant applications approved considered the requirement for SUDS.				
	First Monitoring Period:				
	The data is not readily available at this time.				
	Comment:				
	From 7 th January 2019, all new developments with implications for drainage of				
	more than 1 house or where the construction area is of 100m2 or more will				
	require sustainable drainage systems to manage on-site surface water. Surface				
	water drainage systems must be designed and built in accordance with				
	mandatory standards for sustainable drainage published by Welsh Ministers.				
	The systems must be approved by the local authority for the area acting as a				
	SuDS (Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems) Approving Body (SAB) role before				
	construction work begins.				
	Given development within National Policy it is felt that the objectives of the LDP				
	in relation to the provision of SUDs (Sustainable Drainage Systems) are being				
	addressed through national requirements out with the planning system.				
	Accordingly, there is no longer a need to monitor this element of plan policy.				
	Recommendation:				
	Cease monitoring				
	cease monitoring				

Waste

Figure 36

Number of vacant units within the identified B Class sites suitable to accommodate a local waste facility

Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	1 vacant unit in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,236.42 m2)
	4 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 1,339.78 m2)
	1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 527.46 m2)
	1 vacant unit in Greenfield Business Park, Hay on Wye (total of 99.81 m2)
	3 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 1,162.09 m2)
	4 vacant units in Granada Park, Llangattock (total of 420.71 m2)
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	1 vacant unit in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,207.33 m2)
	7 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 1,729.75 m2)
	1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 537.17m2)
	1 vacant unit in Greenfield Business Park, Hay on Wye (total of 99.81 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Sennybridge (total of 333.72 m2)
	4 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 1,703.61 m2)
	2 vacant units in Granada Park, Llangattock (total of 205.53 m2)
	Sixth & Seventh Monitoring Period
	3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2)
	7 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 1,423.58 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2)
	1 vacant unit in Sennybridge (total of 456.52 m2)
	5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2)
	3 vacant units in Granada Park, Llangattock (total of 758.79 m2)
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2)
	3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha)
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2)
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2) First Monitoring Period:
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2) First Monitoring Period: 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon
	2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2) First Monitoring Period: 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon 0.1Ha Vacant Land Brecon
	 2 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 867.68 m2) 5 vacant units in Sennybridge (total of 3,438.12 m2) 5 vacant units in Elvicta, Crickhowell (total of 2,342.99 m2) 3 vacant units in Brecon Enterprise Park, Brecon (total of 1,213.32 m2) Fourth Monitoring Period 3 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 697.86 m2) 1 vacant unit in Talgarth Business Park (total of 330.5 m2) Third Monitoring Period 2 vacant units in Ffrwdgrech Industrial Estate, Brecon (total of 417.4 m2) 2 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 258.3 m2) Second Monitoring Period 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon and 5 vacant units (total of 540.3 m2) 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (324.8m2) 20 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2) First Monitoring Period: 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon 0.1Ha Vacant Land Brecon 0.1Ha Vacant Land Park Crickhowell, total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, (total of 0.27Ha) 1 vacant unit Forest Road Hay (101.71m2) First Monitoring Period: 0.5Ha Vacant Land Brecon 0.1Ha Vacant Land Talgarth and 1 unit (316m2) 6 vacant units Granada Park Crickhowell, total of(758m2)
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The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.

igure 37	
	w licensed waste management facilities permitted
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities.
	Eighth Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities.
	Seventh Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities.
	Sixth Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities
	Fifth Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities
	Fourth Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities.
	Third Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities
	Second Monitoring Period
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities
	First Monitoring Period:
	No permissions granted within the period for new waste management facilities
	Comments:
	No applications were received within the monitoring periods for new waste
	management facilities in the National Park.
	Recommendation:
	This indicator will continue to be monitored and the need for additional
	sites/capacity within employment sites addressed through appropriate
	allocation/policy as necessary in LDP2.

Minerals

Figure 38

Number of safeguarding a	consents for permanent, sterilising development within a minerals area
Continue	Ninth Monitoring Period
Monitoring	No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas.
	Eighth Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas.
	Seventh Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Sixth Monitoring Period

No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Fifth Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Fourth Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Third Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Third Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Second Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. First Monitoring Period No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. First Monitoring Period: No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral safeguarding areas. Comments: None. Recommendation: The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be	
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safeguarding areas. Comments: None. Recommendation:	First Monitoring Period:
Comments: None. Recommendation:	No permanent sterilising development has been permitted within mineral
None. Recommendation:	safeguarding areas.
Recommendation:	Comments:
	None.
The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be	Recommendation:
	The requirement of this indicator is being met. It is, however, considered to be
an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.	an important indicator and will continue to be monitored.

Site Monitoring

As part of the Annual Monitoring Report process, the Authority has agreed to include an update on the progress and development of allocated sites. The intention is to highlight the activity that has taken place, including the preparation of studies, applications and/or the progression of development. Accordingly, the table set out below seeks to illustrate the progress of allocated sites against progress milestones:

Figure 39 Site	Indica tive no. of units	Developm ent Brief Submitted	Developm ent Brief Agreed	Appli catio n Subm itted	Minde d to Permi t subjec t to S106	Plannin g Consen t	Commenc ed Developm ent
			First 5 Years				
CS28 – Cwmffaldau Fields Extension, Brecon	66	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No

CS132 - Land Opposite High School, Brecon	30	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SALT 061 – Land Adj to Llangenny Lane, Crickhowell	20	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-HOW-A – Land Opposite the Meadows, Hay	62	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
SALT 059 – Land adj. Brecon Pharmaceutic als, Hay	5	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
SALT 037 – Proposed extension to T9, Talgarth	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
DBR-BCH-J - Land adj Bwlch Woods, Bwlch	15	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
CS102 – Dan- Y-Bryn and Lancaster Drive, Gilwern	112	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-LIB-E – Land adj. to Pen Y Fan Close, Libanus	3	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-LBD-A – Land adj. St Peter's Close	8	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-LGN-D – Land opposite Llanigon Primary School, Llanigon	10	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	No	No
DBR-LPD-A – Land off Heol St Cattwg, Llanspyddid	10	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
DBR-PNT-D – Land adj	6	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No

Ambleside,							
Pennorth CS66 – Former Army Camp,	70	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cwrt Y Gollen							
			Rest of LDP Peri	od			
CS93 – Slwch House Field, Brecon	23	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
DBR-BR-A – Site Located North of Camden Crescent, Brecon	38	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-BR-B – Land north of Cradoc Close, Brecon	33	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CS132 – Land opposite High School, Brecon	107	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DBR-CR-A – Land above Televillage, Crickhowell	20	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CS138 – Glannau Senni, Defynnog	15	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
DBR-HOW-C – Land adj Fire Station	13	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
CS42 – Land at Crai, Crai	9	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CS43 – Land SW of Gwalia, Crai	6	N/A	N/A	Yes (part of site)	No	No	No
CS39/69/70/8 8/89/99 – Land at Ty Clyd, Govilon	93	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes (part of site)	No
CS120 – Land South of Ty Melys, Pencelli	6	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	No	No

CS55 – Land at Penygarn, Pontsticill	6	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
DBR-PTSC/C – Land at end of Dan-Y-Coed, Pontsticill	3	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
CS91 – Land west of Ponsticill House, Pontsticill	6	N/A	N/A	Yes	No	No	No
CS127 – Maesmawr Farm, Talybont	57	N/A	N/A	No	No	No	No
CS111 – Former Mid Wales Hospital	93	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No

The First 5 Years

It is noted that 11 sites for this period have been progressed to the planning application stage, with 5 developers having commenced development on site. A further 4 sites have moved forward within the consideration and determination stages of a planning application.

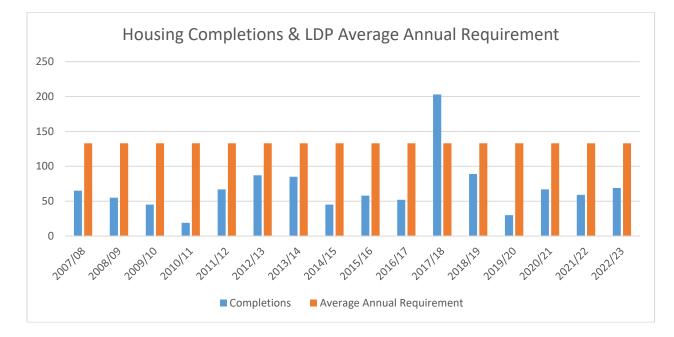
The Rest of the Plan Period

As expected, there has been less activity in relation to these sites with 10 sites being progressed to an application stage, seven of which, at least in part, have been permitted. Of the seven permissions granted, one development site of 22 units has been completed and two are under construction. It is appreciated that a number of these sites have been restricted by the issues relating to water infrastructure, however whilst a number of the water improvement works have now been completed, evidence demonstrating failures against SAC phosphate targets, particularly in the Usk and Wye presents a new challenge to be resolved for all remaining allocated sites other than those in Pontsticill, which need to be progressed with community involvement as a limited growth settlement.

Mixed Use Sites

Looking at the allocated mixed-use sites (Mid Wales Hospital, Cwrt Y Gollen, Hay Road and Land Opposite High School), it should be noted that paragraph 7.2.1 of the Local Development Plan requires development briefs to be agreed on site prior to the submission of any planning application. All sites now have adopted Development Briefs associated with them and only the site of the former mid Wales hospital remains without planning permission for redevelopment.

Appendices



Appendix 1. Graph and table of housebuilding completions against the LDP Annual Average Requirement:

		Average Annual
Year	Completions	Requirement
2007/08	65	133
2008/09	55	133
2009/10	45	133
2010/11	19	133
2011/12	67	133
2012/13	87	133
2013/14	85	133
2014/15	45	133
2015/16	58	133
2016/17	52	133
2017/18	203	133
2018/19	89	133
2019/20	30	133
2020/21	67	133
2021/22	59	133
2022/23	69	133
	1095	1995*

*Note: Rounding of Average Annual Requirement will lead to a difference of 5 units (greater) than the total LDP Housing Requirement of 1990.

Appendix 2. Additional SA indicators

Please note, at the meeting of the National Park Authority 21st September 2018, Members drew attention to the issues with the data that is reported within this Appendix. The data was gathered from the State of the Park Report (2014).

We now refer you to the State of the Park Report 2020:

<u>https://www.beacons-npa.gov.uk/the-authority/who-we-are/npmp/state-of-the-park-report-2/.</u>

SA Topic	Indicators	Findings	Overall Trend
Climatic	Condition	With varying levels of confidence, 47 out of 65 SAC	Not
Factors	of Biological	features (>72%) are in unfavourable conservation status (NRW indicative assessments 2020).	demonstrating the sharp
	SSSIs (Sites		improvement
	of Special	Data source:	necessary.
	Scientific	https://naturalresources.wales/evidence-and-	
	Interest)	data/research-and-reports/protected-sites-baseline- assessment-2020/?lang=en	
		There are 65 biological SSSIs wholly or partly within	
		the National Park boundary with a total of 163	
		individual biological features (NRW 2014).	
		In 2006 there were 82 biological features of	
		importance in the National Park, 24(29%) of these	
		were in favourable condition, 45 (55%) were in	
		unfavourable condition, one (1%) was partially destroyed and 12 (15%) were unknown. Of the 45	
		biological features in unfavourable condition, 11	
		(24%) of these were recovering, 11 (24%) were	
		declining and for 23 (50%) the trend was unknown.	
		In 2014 there were 163 biological features of	
		importance in the National Park, 93 (57%) of which	
		were in favourable condition, 51 (31%) were in	
		unfavourable condition and for 19 (12%) the condition was unknown.	
		In 2017 there were 163 biological features of	
		importance in the National Park, 88 (54%) of which were currently in favourable condition, 55 (34%)	
		were in unfavourable condition and for 20 (12%) the	
		condition was unknown.	
		The percentage of features in unfavourable	
		condition has slightly increased and the percentage	

In the future the National Park Doughnut will fulfil this role.

	of features in favourable condition has slightly decreased,	
Water quality	In January 2021, Natural Resources Wales published 'Evidence report 489 - Compliance Assessment of Welsh River SACs (Special Areas of Conservation) against Phosphorus Targets'.	Not demonstrating the sharp improvement necessary.
	Of great concern is that it reports: "The Usk is by some distance the worst performing SAC river in Wales with respect to its phosphorus targets, and is the only river where there are extensive failures in the headwaters."	
	Currently there are a significant number of rivers which are not achieving good ecological status in accordance with the Water Framework Directive. All rivers which require assessment for their chemical status are in good condition.	
	As outlined within the SOPR 2020, most of the water bodies surveyed by NRW were not assessed until 2013. Between the years 2009 (baseline) and 2012 the water bodies were not assessed. Between the years 2013 – 2015 all water bodies were of 'Good' chemical status, with all of them achieving 'High' status by 2017. All water bodies had declined to 'Good' status by 2018.	
	When compared to the baseline of 2009, two of the water bodies have improved from moderate to good, two have remained the same, and one has declined from good to moderate.	
	3 out of the 6 water bodies surveyed within the Park achieved an overall status of good. The other 3 water bodies only achieved moderate status. There has therefore been an improvement since the baseline data of 2009, where only 2 waterbodies achieved good status. However, there has not been an improvement since 2017, with no waterbodies improving.	
Air quality	Data on air quality exposure indicators have not been collected specifically for the National Park area, only for the 7 individual unitary authorities that make up the National Park however, the indicators show that all 7 unitary authorities have decreased from 2009-2017, indicating an improvement in air quality.	Neutral

1			
		Specifically, the 2 unitary authorities that make up the largest area of the Park, Powys, and Carmarthenshire, are significantly lower than the other unitary authorities. There are no air quality management areas within the National Park	
		However, recently released mapping by the Air Pollution Information Service makes clear that nitrogen and sulphur deposition (from long- and short-range sources) are exceeding, for some Special Areas of Conservation, site relevant critical loads.	
	Water quantity	in place for the whole of the National Park area. Water is available for abstraction in much of the Carmarthenshire area of the National Park. Most of the NP (National Park) area is defined as over abstracted, with small areas defined as having No Water Available or Over Abstracted. This data has not changed since the beginning of the plan period.	Not demonstrating the improvement necessary.
	Geodiversit y	There are currently 76 Regionally Important Geodiversity Sites in the Park, whereas at the start of the plan period there were 11. The sites condition is set out accordingly: - 3% - Poor 5% - Degrading 9% - Stable 67% - Good 16% - Excellent In 2006 all 11 sites were in good condition (data source SOPR 2014).	Neutral
	Condition of Geological SSSIs	There are 34 geological SSSIs wholly or partly within the National Park boundary. In 2014 there were 34 geological features of importance in the National Park, 31 (91%) of which were currently in favourable condition, 1 (3%) were in unfavourable condition and for 2 (5%) the condition was unknown. In 2017 there were 34 geological features of importance in the National Park, 30 (88%) of which were currently in favourable condition, 1 (3%) were in unfavourable condition and for 3 (9%) the condition was unknown.	Neutral

	The condition of the geological SSSIs in the Park remain fairly stable, this could be seen a positive however this also highlights that the condition of the SSSIs did not improve between 2014 and 2017.	
Phase One Species (Habitat)	Over half (55%) of the grassland habitats were improved grassland. Just over 1% of the National Park was built environment. 57,347 hectares of the Brecon Beacons National Park are under statutory ownership. Of these 57, 347 hectares 39% is designated as Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), 33% is owned by the National Park, 15% is owned by Natural Resources Wales, 7% is owned by the National Trust, 4% is a Special Area of Conservation (SAC), 2% is National Nature Reserve (NNR) and less than 1% is owned by Brecknock Wildlife Trust. Natural Resources Wales have recently updated and released Phase I habitat mapping of Wales through the use of satellite imagery. The data was collected over the course of many years. Analysis of habitat change over time may now be conducted as long as certain caveats are considered when comparing the data. Updated Phase 1 data shows that Grassland now accounts for 57% of the principal habitat type across the National Park which shows a reduction of approximately 5%. Woodland now accounts for 17% of the principal habitat types, an increase of approximately 3%. Heathland now accounts for 10% of the principal habitat types across the park, a decrease of 1%. (Data source SOPR 2014)	Neutral
Scheduled Ancient Monument s (SAMs)	In 2006 there were 268 SAMs within the park. Of these, 95.4% were in either a stable or favourable condition (257). In 2014 there were 357 SAMs (Scheduled Ancient Monuments) in the park – an increase of 89 since 2006. Of the 357 SAMs in the park 95.5% were in a stable or favourable condition.	Decline
	In 2014 there was a slightly smaller percentage (0.4%) of SAMs in an unstable or unfavourable condition. Whilst this figure is not large, it is worth noting that 89 ancient monuments have been scheduled since 2006 which means there is now a greater total number of SAMs in either stable or favourable condition.	

Listed buildings at risk	In 2019 there were 358 SAMs in the park – an increase of 1 since 2014. Of the 358 SAMs in the park, 72% were in a stable or favourable condition. This shows a 20% decrease from 2014 which indicates that the condition of the SAMs in the park are deteriorating. Further work is required to understand the reasons as to why this is the case and what can be done to prevent further deterioration. (Data source SOPR 2020) In 2006 there were 1,711 listed buildings. Of these 11% were at risk. The number of listed buildings increased by 2014 to 1,950 Listed Buildings. Of these 6.6% were at risk. The number of listed buildings has therefore increased whilst the proportion at risk as decreased since the beginning of the plan period. In 2016 the number of listed buildings had increased to 1951, with 5.4% of those being at risk. In 2019 the number of listed buildings had increased to 1952, however the data in relation to the Listed Buildings within the Park at risk is panding.	Positive
	pending. (Data source SOPR and CADW)	
% Historic landscape with up-to- date character appraisal	100% of Historic Landscape Areas have up to date characterisations.	Neutral
Archaeolo gical Protection	All planning applications are screened for their impact on Archaeology	Neutral
Broadband coverage and speed	The superfast Cymru project covers the majority of the National Park Area. By the end of the project, it is anticipated that all communities will have access to high-speed broadband.	Neutral
Travel to work	The ONS (Office of National Statistics) publish travel to work area data based on the findings of the 2011 Census. The National Park comprises the following 5 Travel to Work Areas - Swansea - Llanelli - Brecon - Merthyr Tydfil - Hereford	Neutral
Length and condition of public	In 2006 there was a total of 1,983Km public rights of way within the park area. In 2013 that had increased to 2,009Km. By 2019, that had decreased to 1891Km.	Positive

rights of way	The percentage of rights of way that are easy to use was slightly lower in 2013 than in 2006, however there were 26km more rights of way. This has now increased by 2019. The number of rights of way that are easy to use has increased since 2010/2011 and this trend is expected to continue. Overall, the general condition of this indicator is good.	
Public transport routes in the park	There are 10 local bus routes operating within the National Park. 24 – Ponsticill-Merthyr Tydfil 30- Brynmawr- Blaenavon-Pontypool-Newport T14-Brecon-Hay on Wye – Kingstone – Hereford X75-Merthyr Tydfil- Hirwaun- Glynneath-Neath- Swansea T4- Newtown-Llandrindod Wells-Brecon-Merthyr Tydfil-Cardiff X4- Hereford-Abergavenny-Merthyr Tydfil-Cardiff X3 – Hereford – Abergavenny X33- Abergavenny-Pontypool-Cwmbran-Cardiff X43-Brecon-Crickhowell-Abergavenny T6 -Brecon-Ystradgynlais-Neath-Swansea	Neutral
Cycle routes in the park	2 Long-distance National Cycle Routes cross the BBNP (Brecon Beacons National Park) -National Cycle Route 8, the Taff Trail -National Cycle Route 42, Lôn Las Cymru	Neutral
Welsh Indices of Multiple Deprivatio n	The National Park area mostly comprises 50% least deprived LSOA (Lower Super Output Areas). Areas around the heads of the valley demonstrate higher levels of overall deprivation. The SOPR 2020 reports that this indicator continues to show a positive trend.	Neutral
Crime Statistics	This information is not readily available at National Park level; however, crime statistics appear to be below average within the National Park compared with the rest of Wales.	Neutral
Knowledge of Welsh Language	See Table 1 below for data gathered at Ward level from both the 2001 and 2011 census.	Negative
Visitor satisfaction	In November 2013, the Brecon Beacons Marketing and Coordination Group published the results of the annual Brecon Beacons Visitor Survey. Further information on the Visitor Survey can be found here. <u>http://www.beacons-</u> <u>npa.gov.uk/communities/tourism-new/tourism-</u> <u>facts-and-figures-1/</u>	Neutral

	Overall, the visit experience is good and almost half (48%) of visitors said it exceeded their expectations and 51% said it met them. Just 1% said that their experience fell short of expectations. This year's Visit Wales visitor survey shows similar results for Wales as a whole (49% exceeded and 49% met expectations). There is little variation amongst day and overnight visitors. The highest ratings come from new visitors 56% of which say the visit exceeded their expectations. This is encouraging for potential future return visits. Visitors from some areas are slightly more impressed by the area than others. Over half of the visitors coming from London & South East (53%) and overseas (52%) said that expectations were exceeded. The Brecon Beacons National Park have published	
	 an updated visitor survey for 2016-17, can be found here: <u>https://www.beacons-npa.gov.uk/wp-</u> <u>content/uploads/Brecon-Beacons-Visitor-Survey-</u> <u>Final-report-May-2017-Englishpdf</u>. Overall, 85% of visitors rate their visit to the park as 'very good' and 13% 'good'. There were no negative ratings recorded from the 1,700 participants. Customer service is all generally well received at various facilities, but accommodation, visitor attractions and eateries have the highest scores. Few give a negative opinion of customer service but 4% say shops are poor/very poor and 13% average. 87% say they are very likely to visit the area again, dropping to 64% of first-time visitors and most of the remainder are fairly likely to return. Very positive perception of the area with some areas for improvement Visitors most like the landscape, 	
Education	beauty, and unspoilt environment. Most feel the Park is well cared for, offers good value for money and that information is easy to access. Few suggest improvements, but these include provision for toilets, signage and information, general maintenance, parking, amenities, and connectivity. Two fifths would consider donating time or money to help the Park. The National School Categorisation detailed that of	Positive (The %
standards	the schools serving the National Park area as follows: -	within Green has increased by 3%

	Red Amber Yellow Green	3% 18% 50% 29%	2% 23% 41% 34%	0% 5% 46% 49%	0% 26% 22% 52%	respectively. The % within yellow reduced by 24%. The percentage within amber has increased by 21%, with those in red remaining at 0.)
Number of farms and farmers	Data from 2 jobs provide within the B this sector is Park. Jobs i of employm reduced to for 5.9% of 6 Park. (Source SOPR 2020 farmed land sent to Wels has been pr	ed within recon Bea decreasion agricult ent type 7.3% and employm e SOPR 2 reported by type' sh Goverr	agricultu acons Na ing withi ure and in 1991. by 2011 ent type 014) that data within th	ational P ational P n the Na fishery r By 200 ⁻¹ this sec s within a reques ne Natio	stry, fishing Park. Howe ational made up 10 1 this had tor accoun the Nation the Nation	ever, 2% ted hal
Tourist Spending	Tourism Spe to £216 mill (STEAM (Sca Monitor) da According to visitors typic accommoda (£313) than Daily spend staying in th much highe (£14). Average par visitors (3.4) (3.0)."	end in 200 ion by 20 arborougl ta). tally spen ation but within the on food re park (£ r than for	09 was £ 13 and £ n Tourisi tor Surve d aroun more if s e Park (£ and drin 67) than · locals (a 3.2 peop	247 mil n Econo d £270 c staying c 219). k is high outside E13) or c	lion by 201 omic Activit on outside the ner for thos (£52) and day visitors er for stayir	ng Park Pag

Table 1 Knowledge of Welsh Language within the National Park

This table shows data returns for both the 2001 and 2011 Census and demonstrates the level of Welsh speaking within the National Park by electoral ward. As not all wards are wholly within the National Park area, the percentage of population for each ward residing within the National Park

is also given. Those wards listed in Red have seen a drop in the level of Welsh speaking and knowledge of Welsh, whereas those in green there has been a rise in knowledge of Welsh/residents ability to communicate in Welsh

Knowledge of Welsh Languag	е	2001		2011		2021
	Percen tage of popula tion within bound ary	Percen tage with some Knowle dge of Welsh	Percen tage can speak, write, and read Welsh	Percen tage with some knowle dge of Welsh	Percen tage can speak, write, and read Welsh	Percentage can speak Welsh
Ward Name						
Abercraf	3%	64.0	30.5	58.89	26.28	32.6
Bwlch	100%	16.4	7.4	18.23	7.80	11.2
Crickhowell & Vale of Grwyne	100%	16.6	8.2	14.35	6.39	10.1
Cwmtwrch	0%	70.9	39.7	65.12	30.70	37.2
Honddu Isaf/Llanddew						13.5
(Felinfach)	3%	25.0	10.5	21.48	9.85	
Gwernyfed + Llanigon	36%	15.4	6.9	14.87	6.81	10.5
Нау	100%	12.3	5.5	14.39	5.82	6.3
Llangattock	100%	16.6	7.2	17.92	5.91	9.4
Llangors	100%	23.0	10.7	19.63	8.52	11.2
Llangynidr	100%	22.9	10.5	18.24	8.59	10.6
Maescar/Llywel, Crai	100%	42.6	20.4	40.16	18.09	23.7
Brecon St Davids	100%	22.4	9.4	20.65	9.15	10.6
Brecon St Johns	100%	25.2	12.9			
Brecon St Marys	100%	21.0	9.8			
Talgarth	96%	19.7	7.0	20.07	8.47	10.5
Talybont, Glyntarell,						13
Llanfrynach	93%	23.2	11.2	22.15	8.32	
Tawe-Uchaf/Fellte	57%	49.4	21.4	42.97	16.24	22.7
Yscir, Trallong,	29%	29.6	12.3	27.55	12.33	14.2
Ystradgynlais rural	1%	66.7	31.7	57.23	24.61	32.6
Garnant Cwmamman	3%	79.4	55.0	69.47	41.61	51.9
Glanamman	1%	77.6	52.3	70.47	41.80	48.6
Dyffryn Cennen (Llandeilo)	13%	70.0	42.9	66.54	36.82	47.4
Llandovery, Llanfair	5%	60.2	35.7	54.07	29.38	36.2
	Less					50.7
	than					
Llandybie	1%	75.2	46.2	71.41	38.78	
Llangadog,Llanddeusant,Myd		60 6		65.46	10.04	47.2
dfai	45%	69.0	51.6	65.16	43.81	
Quarter Bach	6%	83.3	61.7	76.62	51.25	56.8
Rhigos (Hirwaun)	49%	32.5	13.9	29.59	12.35	14.8

Vaynor	12%	21.3	7.8	18.05	6.79	8.5
Brynmawr	1%	14.8	6.8	11.86	5.75	7.9
Pontypool New Inn	0%	13.5	7.7	11.91	5.83	7.8
Abergavenny north (Cantref)	3%	15.0	8.0	13.41	6.24	10
Crucorney	36%	12.0	7.3	14.29	7.45	9.9
Goetre Fawr	10%	14.3	8.0	15.71	8.23	10.4
Llanelly	100%	15.0	7.6	14.23	6.49	8.9
Llanfoist Fawr	17%	15.2	7.5	15.85	8.51	10.5
Llanover	3%	12.2	6.5	12.18	6.45	
Llanfoist Llanwenarth Ultra	100%	14.3	7.1	13.61	6.36	9.5
Llantilio Pertholey Mardy	13%	14.2	7.4	16.27	7.61	10.3